# Self-similar evolution of fast magnetic reconnection in free-space: A new model for astrophysical reconnection

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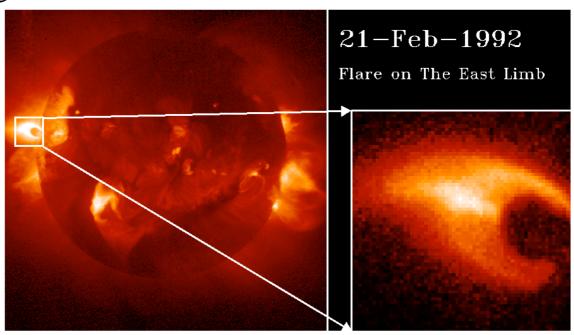
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## §Introduction

Magnetic reconnection is

- Very powerful energy converter
- Very common in the universe

#### e.g., Solar Flares



#### §§Astrophysical Reconnection

Astrophysical Reconnection is characterized by

huge dynamic range of expansion

e.g., Solar flares

Initial system scale

$$\sim 10^0 \, [\text{m}]$$

(Initial Current Sheet Thickness)



Final system scale

$$\sim 10^7 \, [\text{m}]$$

(Maximum scale of reconnection system)



intrinsically Time-Dependent

Should be treated as

Spontaneous Evolution in Free Space

Cannot be described by previous models!

Aim of this work

Suitable reconnection model for astrophysical application?

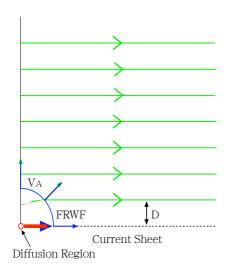


**Self-Similar Evolution** 

#### §Evolution Process

#### 1) Onset (Resistive Stage)

$$t < D/V_A$$



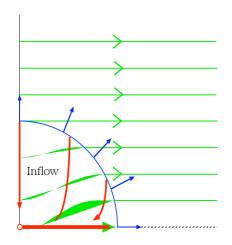
Sweet-Parker-like or tearing

Formation of

Fast-mode Rarefaction Wave

#### 2) Induction of Inflow

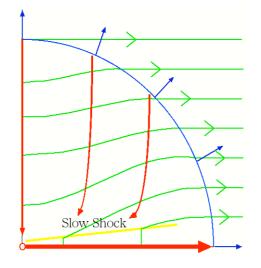
$$t \gtrsim D/V_A$$



Propagation of FRWF

Induction of Inflow

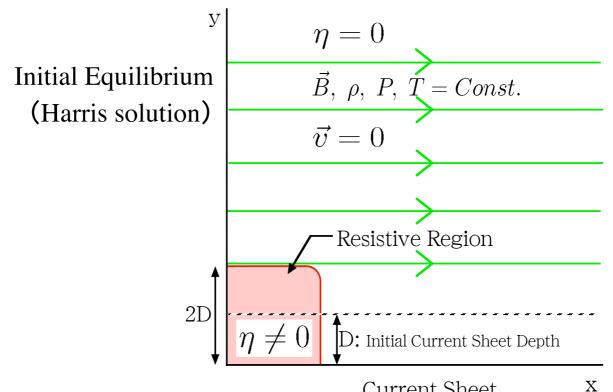
#### 3) Similarity Stage (Petschek-like at center) $t\gg D/V_A$



Formation of Slow-Shock  $\Lambda$ 

Fast-mode Rarefaction Dominated (Petschek-like) Fast Reconnection

# §Numerical Approach



Code: '2-siep Lax-Wendroff Current Sheet

#### Parameters & Normalization

#### Parameters

$$\beta \equiv \frac{P_0}{B_0^2/8\pi} = 0.2$$

$$R_m \equiv \frac{V_{A0}}{\eta/D} = 24.5$$

Normalization

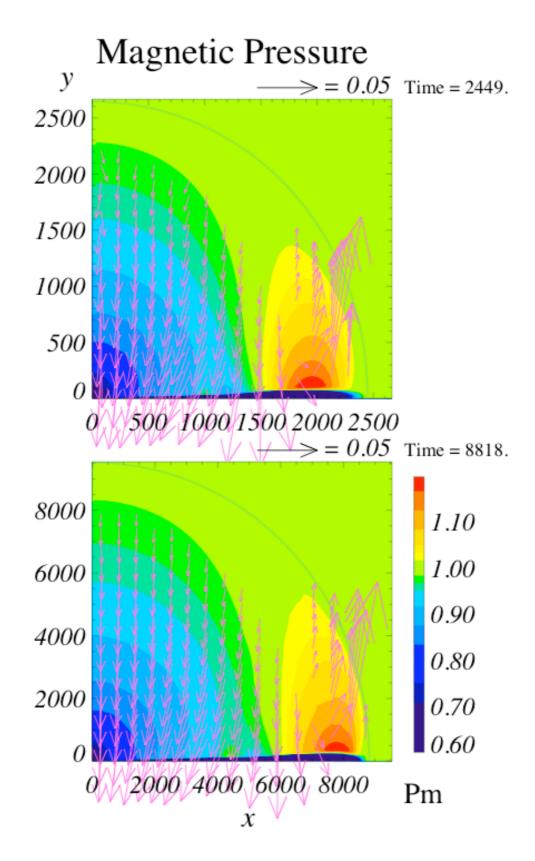
$$P_0 \sim 0.6$$

Dimension Unit

$$[L/T]$$
  $C_{s0}$   $B_0 \sim 8.7$   $[L]$   $D$   $\Rightarrow$   $V_{A0} \sim 2.4$ 

$$[\mathrm{M/L^3}] \qquad \rho_0 \qquad \qquad \eta = 0.1$$

#### §§Simulation Result



Self-Similarly Expanding! with Fast-mode Rarefaction Wave Front

# §Analytical Approach

#### §§Inflow Region

#### Zoom-out coordinate

$$\vec{r} \equiv (V_A t) \vec{r'}$$

$$\vec{v} = V_A \vec{v'} + \vec{r'}$$

$$\rho = \rho_0 \rho'(\vec{r'})$$

$$\vec{B} = V_A \sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0} \vec{B'}(\vec{r'})$$

$$P = \beta/2 \cdot \rho_0 V_A^2 P'(\vec{r'})$$
where  $\beta \equiv (C_s/V_A)^2$ 

#### Linear perturbation method

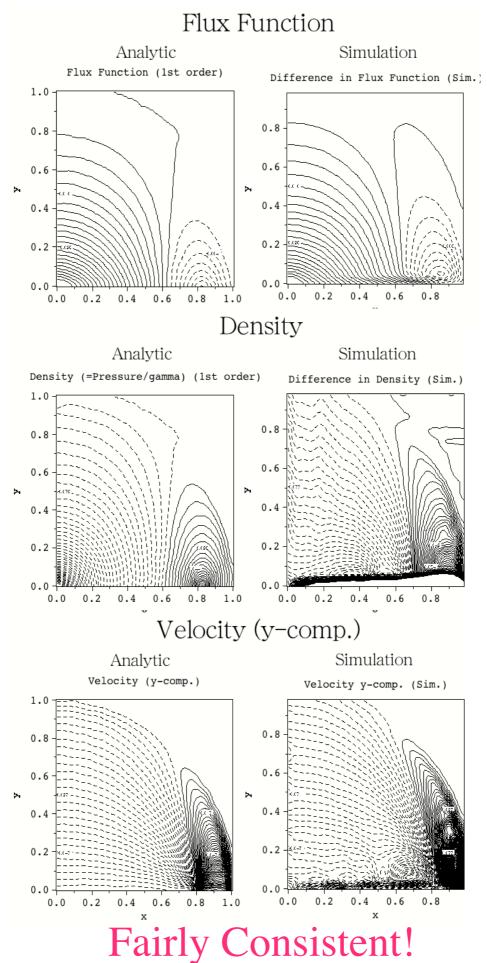
Equilibrium (0th)+Deviation (1st) by reconnection

#### Grad-Shafranov Eq.

$$(1-x^2)\frac{\partial^2 A_1'}{\partial x^2} - 2xy\frac{\partial^2 A_1'}{\partial x \partial y} + (1-y^2)\frac{\partial^2 A_1'}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{B_1'} &= \vec{\nabla'} \times A_1' \vec{k} \\ v_{1x}' &= 0 \\ v_{1y}' &= x \frac{\partial A_1'}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial A_1'}{\partial y} - A_1' \\ \rho_1' &= \frac{\partial A_1'}{\partial y} \\ P_1' &= \gamma \frac{\partial A_1'}{\partial y} \end{aligned}$$

#### § § Solution for Inflow Region



#### §§Reconnection Outflow

#### Quasi-1D structure divided by

#### several discontinuities

Reconnection jet collides with current sheet plasma

Structure of reconnection outflow

Slow Shock
Reverse Fast Shock

X-Slow Shock
region p

region 1

region 2

region 3

Forward Slow Shock

Forward Slow Shock

#### Shock tube approximation

22 eqs. (junction conditions)

for

22 unknowns

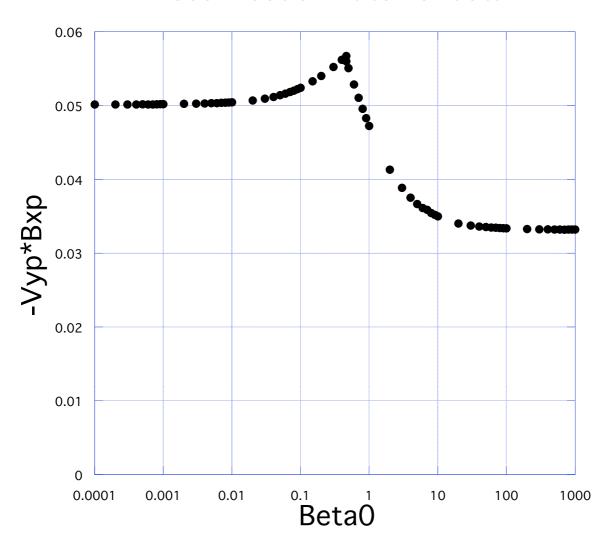


Quantities in outflow

spontaneously determined!!

#### §§Reconnection Rate

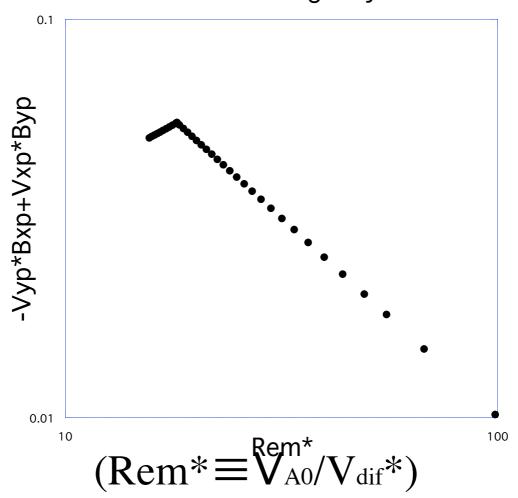
#### Reconnection Rate vs. beta



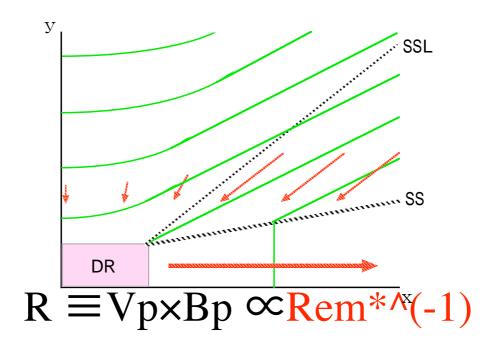
Rec. rate R  $\sim 0.05$  for low  $\beta$  (almost const. indep. of  $\beta$ )

Spontaneous inhalation of inflow (induced by fast-mode rarefaction)

Reconnection Rate vs. Mag. Reynolds Num.



converging inflow:  $|Vxp| \uparrow$  as Rem\*  $\uparrow$   $\Rightarrow$  Vp,  $Bp \rightarrow$  parallel at inflow region



# §Observational Inspection

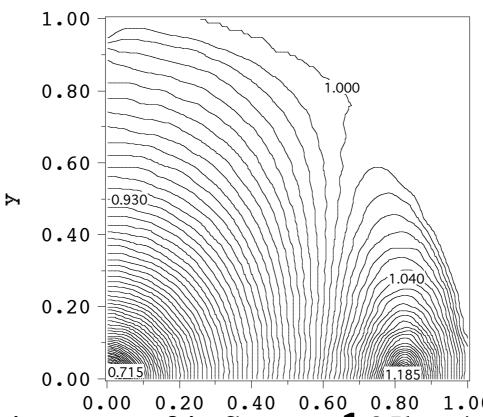
We can inspect Self-Similar Model

by **Solar-B** 

"Dimming" around reconnection point

#### Rarefied region by FRW

Emission Measure



Existence of inflow~10[km/s]

Expanding in  $V_{A0} \sim 1000 [km/s]$ 

Duration  $\sim 100[s]$ 

# **§Summary**

Spontaneous Evolution of

Fast Magnetic Reconnection in Free Space



#### **Self-Similar Solution**

(verified by numerical simulation/analytical study)

A new model of Magnetic Reconnection

Self-Similar Evolution of Fast Reconnection

#### **Properties**

- Expanding with propagation of FRW
- Petschek-like structure in central region (Fast-mode rarefaction dominated)
- Reconnection rate  $R \sim 0.05$

(for small Rem\*<20, insensitive to  $\beta$ )  $\leftarrow$  spontaneous inhalation of inflow

• Reconnection rate  $R \propto \text{Rem}^* \land (-1)$ 

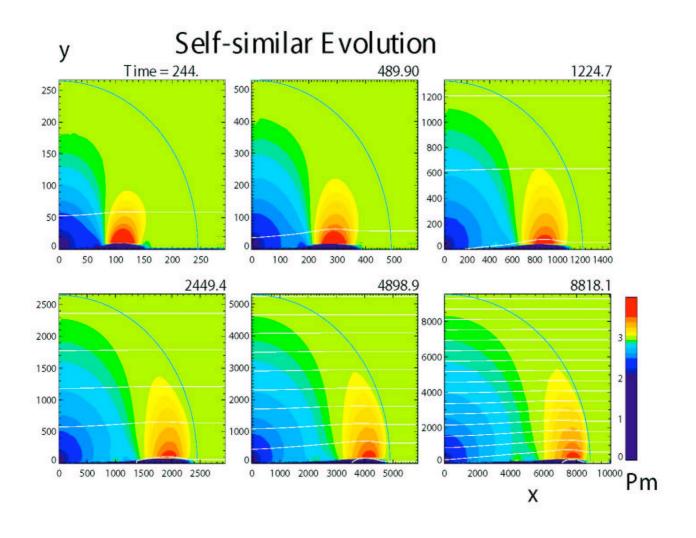
(for large Rem\* $\gg$ 20, insensitive to  $\beta$ )

#### References

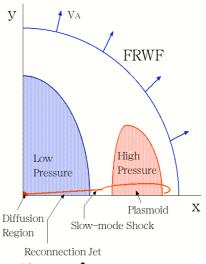
Nitta, Tanuma, Shibata, Maezawa ApJ, 550, 1119 (2001) Nitta, Tanuma, Maezawa ApJ, 580, 538 (2002) Nitta ApJ, 610, 1117 (2004)

#### §§Simulation Result

#### **Evolution in Zoom-Out Coordinate**



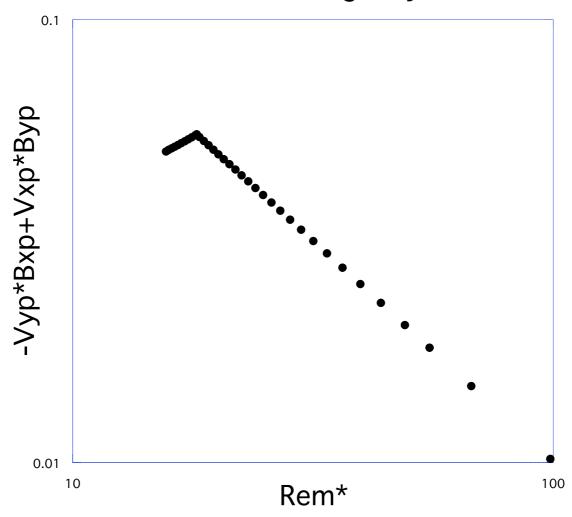
Features of reconnection system



Self-Similarly Expanding!

with propagation of Fast-mode Wave Front

Reconnection Rate vs. Mag. Reynolds Num.



$$R \equiv Vp \times Bp \propto Rem^* \wedge (-1) (Rem^* \equiv V_{A0}/V_{dif}^*)$$

converging inflow:  $|Vxp| \uparrow$  as Rem\*  $\uparrow$   $\Rightarrow$  Vp,  $Bp \rightarrow parallel$  at inflow region  $\Rightarrow$   $R \equiv Vp \times Bp \downarrow$ 

# A new model of magnetic reconnection: Self-similar evolving model

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